

NOMEE LAUKE RESERVATION.—The Red Bluff Independent, whose Editor lately visited this reservation in Tehama county, thus alludes to it :

Every man in all that portion of the county agrees in the opinion, that the Reservation should be sold ; and that the sale should be effected as soon as possible and give a chance for settlers to come in, and in a few years that would be one of the most populous portions of the county. When the Reservation is sold, we hope that there will be some provision made, whereby the actual settlers will receive the benefit, and the lands will not fall into the hands of the speculator. It should be sold in parcels of not over one section each, and no one person should be allowed to purchase more than one section of 640 acres. The Reservation has never been of any benefit to the Indians, but rather a curse to them. If the money which has been expended, or in other words, thrown away, had been put in the hands of the Superintendent, to be donated in yearly installments of blankets, clothing and provisions, it would have been much better for the Indians—for as it is, there is nothing to show for the large amount of money which has been expended. Officials have fattened, while the Indian has starved, and the Reservation gone to decay. Even the wild oats, which the poor squaws had gathered for their winter's food, have been taken and sold. Surely it is high time that this farce of a Reservation for the benefit of the Indian was thrown up. But what is to be done with the Indians? some will ask. Simply let them alone ; their race is nearly run, and they will soon pass away—but in the mean time, what money there is expended, let the Superintendent see that it goes directly for the benefit of, and the relieving of the condition, as far as can be, of the poor Indian. There are but few Indians, at the present time, upon the Reservation ; being scattered all through the county, and wherever it suits their fancy to erect their rancherias.

City Appeal



MARYSVILLE, CAL.. WEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 2, 1861. NO. 2.