

FURTHER FROM THE NORTH.—We add some further intelligence by the Columbia. The Humboldt *Times* says, in relation to the late Indian expedition

On Monday night, 21st December, they captured seventeen ranches, taking, in all, 84 prisoners. The ranches were situated on Mad river, being scattered at various distances, from a quarter of a mile to a mile apart, and so well was the attack planned and executed that not a gun was fired nor an Indian escaped. It is Gen. Kibbe's impression that the guns of the Indians are either hid out, or that they are in the hands of other Indians, as only two were to be found in the entire number of ranches taken. Another evidence of it is, that an Indian was surprised and killed near Angel's ranch, one day last week, and upon his person was found a shot-pouch with a considerable amount of powder and ball and caps, but no gun.

The account of the mines in our own immediate vicinity is most encouraging. Many parties there are still engaged in ground-slucing, but all who are washing are making half an ounce a day to the hand—many of them more. All are satisfied with their prospects, and confident that the ore is there in large quantities. *Crescent City Herald, Jan. 5.*

Coleman H. Collier was killed, says the *Crescent City Herald*, on Christmas, by the fall of a tree which he was cutting. He had been engaged in mining at or near Uptonville, and was cutting the tree for the purpose of bridging the stream. As it was just cut through, it bounded from the stump, and killed him almost instantly. He was from Carlisle, Illinois, and

The Humboldt Times says:

Now that Congress has convened, and Gen. Denver is again at the head of the Indian Department at Washington, the citizens of this county are about making another effort to rid themselves of this abominable swindle—the so called extension of the Mendocino Reservation. A petition will be circulated the coming week which will set forth in plain but truthful terms the total disregard which has been paid to the rights and privileges of American citizens, by the State Superintendent of Indian Affairs, in hanging on to the lands of the *bona fide* settlers in Mattole, a considerable portion of which had been taken up and was occupied by citizens intending to avail themselves of the right of pre-emption, long before Col. Henley or any of his employes knew of the existence of this fine body of land.

TO DAILY UN

VEDNESDAY MORNING, JANUARY 12, 1859.