INDIAN DIFFICULTIES.

During the past year we have had our usual difficulties with some of the wi Indian tribes residing within our borders. In the month of May last to several petitions were presented from a large number of citizens residing in Tchama County, ropresenting: That a band of hostile Indians inhabiting the eastern portion of that county had committed a number of murders and destroyed a large amount of valuable property; and, that St the houses of Col. Stevenson and Mr. Hooker had been destroyed by fire, and the lives of seven human beings who occupied them, sacrificed. A public meeting was held at Tehama, also at Red Bluff, at which resolutions were passed invoking the aid of the State authorities. A company go of United States Infantry had been sent to that vicinity with orders to the catch the Indians and turn them over to the civil authorities. Being satished that no good whatever would result from an expedition of that character, I directed Adjutant-General Kibbe to muster into the service of the State a full company of volunteers. General Kibbe placed himself at the head of this force and proceeded at once to chastise these Indians, who had for several years been committing outrages upon the persons and property of our citizens. After several engagements, in which some two hundred Indians were killed, the remnant of the tribe of (say four hundred and fifty souls) surrendered and were transported by sea to the reservation at Mendocino. They are there comfortably located, m and it is hoped they will not again give us trouble.

As the Adjutant General has not yet reported to me, I am unable to give you a detailed account of his operations and the expenses incurred. These, no doubt, will be furnished you in due time. The campaign was eminently successful, and great praise is due to General Kibho and the gallant and patriotic officers and soldiors for the mainer in which it was conducted. They have, indeed, rendered the State great service, and it is hoped that the Legislature will make an appropriation to remunerate them and to cover the other expenses of this Indian war. The State, should pay troops called into its service instead of sending them to the Federal Government. It should present the claim against that government and urge its payment.

ment and urge its payment.

It is also my duty to inform you that, during the past summer, the Mindians residing between the Northand South Forks of Eel River, in Mendocino County, killed several of our citizens and destroyed a large amount of property. Satisfied, from their movements and repeated depredations, upon the representation of the county authorities and other persons, I was compelled to direct Captain W. S. Jarboe to organize a company of twenty men to pursue and broak up this band. He has succeeded, to a great is extent, in accomplishing this object. I am not aware of any recent disturbance in that quarter, and hence an order has been issued disbanding the force.

It is very difficult to devise any plan which will either protect or preserve the Indians within our limits, or prevent them from committing to outrages upon the persons and property of our people. In many localities inhabited by these tribes, the game has been killed or driven out, and I herds of cattle are now found there. The Indian, whose occupation is that of hunting, when unsuccessful in the chase, and pinched by hunger, go steals from the miner or settler, and a whole tribe, to which he belongs, a see denounced thieves, and pursued as such little quite likely that many we of our difficulties with the Indians grow out of the imposition or outrages: the perpetrated upon them by degraded white men, with whom they are too to often brought in contact. In this way, hostilities are provoked, and good. I citizens are compelled to suffer the consequences.

citizens are compelled to suffer the consequences.

For particular information on this subject you are respectfully referred in to the correspondence which will be transmitted to day with a special communication.

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to advance private, rather than the public, interest, are trustrated: ever you find a strong lobby influence brought to bear in favor of a particular measure or olaim, it will be woll to give it your closest scrutiny before it receives your sanction. A greater portion of those laws which in past years embarrassed the treasury and seriously affected the public interests, were passed through the extraordinary efforts of lobby mem-

It is exceedingly anfortunate that we have so many persons in this State who take but little interest in the administration of public affairs. This grows out of the fact, that a large number have come to seek their fortunes and then return again to their homes to enjoy them. Many, too, engaged in business, transmit their annual carnings to their families in the Atlantic States, and intend to depart as soon as a certain amount is realized. It cannot be expected that men thus situated care much about the present or future prosperity of the State. When our geople bring their families here; settle down and look upon this as their future homes, ... we may expect more stability in public sentiment and a diminution in the influence of itincrating politicians... " . d. . 11g .

He who expects to find the Executive chair an easy one will be sadly mistaken. It is difficult, indeed, in a community like ours, where so many duties are imposed upon the Governor, and where there are so many conflicting elements at work, to administer public affairs satisfactorily to the people. His efforts to promote the general good, will not always be properly appreciated, and his motives will sometimes be misunderstood

or misrepresented by the designing.

He has patronage to bestow, and this, in a community where applica--tions-for-office are very numerous, is a fruitful source of difficulty. I have seen enough of public affairs to satisfy, muchat frequently when anofficer devotes, his whole energies to the correction of a public abuse of long standing, there is a large and influential class in society who ar once charge that he is acting from personal and other than patriotic motives; in other words, that he is seeking to advance his private interest; instead. of the public good. Indeed, there seems to be a great many men here who think that selfishness alone controls the action of public officers, and that there can be no such motive as a sincere desire to promote the prosperity and happiness of the people. The faithful officer, although his labors may not be appreciated by his follow citizens, will have his reward in the conciousness of having honestly discharged his duty to his country.

But to mo, the cares, troubles, and anxieties, of this office are over-They are to day transferred to another, and I hope they may sit more (lightly upon him than shey have upon me? "I trust, also, that he may be -able to do-more for the permanent interest of the State than I have accomplished during the past two years. That I have committed errors, is

undoubtedly true, but I think they will prove of such a character as not to affect seriously the prosperity of the State.

I came into the executive office wholly unacquainted with its duties and with but little knowledge of State affairs. I had been a greater portion of the six preceding years absent from the State, and during that time my mind had been absorbed in the exciting questions which were then being agitated upon a different theater. I do not, therefore, feel humiliated by the confession that I have committed errors. It is to be lioped, however, that the kindly feeling which the good people of California. nia have always extended to me, will prompt them to throw the mantle of charity over them and do me the justice to believe that I have some them to the best of my humble ability and and the same to the

Allow menin taking leave of you, the representatives of the people, to say that in the private walks of life, my constant prayer to the Giver of say that in the private walks of life, my constant prayer to the Giver of say that in the private walks of life, my constant prayer to the deprivate and happing the constant property and the constant property and happing the constant property and happing the constant property and happing the constant property and byory good and perfect gift will be for the peace, prosperity and happlness of our beloved State; the state of the

Scanned by KJD - 2009 2 of 4

TOLUME 8.

AUBURN, PLACER COUNTY, CALIFORNIA, JANUARY 14, 1860.

14 septimen uten uttent p. THE PLACER HERALD. J. & C. H. MITCHELL.

TERMS.

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MIGHAYS & COURCELLORS At LAW, MASS-SEE HOME OF THE PRINCE AYPERSON & HILLYER, MISCELLANEOUS.

OFFICE—NEXT BOOK TO THE BAKERG. CITCH, 1859. HALE & SMITH

Augmey and Counsefor at Law. HIRAM B. HAWKINS

morneys and Councelors at Law. VILLS & ROWELI

(W. FINI, FV. SHIFF) or a confidence of the con SURVEYOR'S NOTICE. 73. 72. Inder 71ht 1857.

DR. TRAPHAGEN

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The state of the state of the state of the project of the state of the state of the project of the state of t A Gity Unmindful of Rer Troe Interests.
We have long observed the alarrity with which a portion of the press of Sacrimento City responds to the cell for public worth which promise to intered for bubble worth which promise to intered to the cell for public worth. ever comparatively infling r'degree, and the From the Nevula Journal, January 6th.

merce of Neisch, Sierra and a postion of The State of California is essentially and place, 1,035 feet.

You into or through Serramento—Camp. Strongly Democratic, and it needs but a comThe elevation of Lincoln above Serra
roorville in Natural is not 90 miles from Neva, many upprise and a midted action, such as light ments, if anythink, we examine asto, while it is 30 miles from Neva, any upprise and a midted the past, to keep her acts, last inferents so for all practical purexamile. Farest City, is 28 miles to Nevala, so—to free the from from the discussion of the discussion of the practical pure.

And 38 to Navestille. A radical to Nevala of Hint's Expeditionation. Seeds a purpose we find. By Judally, report, that the Mill Marylle is endeavoing to control in Archarteton. The signs are eventwhere trade of this serion of the State rich in Apparent. The signs are eventwhere trade of this serion of the State rich in Apparent of a disposition among the marse wealth, and to carry it away from Saraman. To but notice on the great questions which to place discussive that the serion is to the letter place may be separate in from the approximan and to requently and offer-maryle serion of the control and the serion of the control of speciality millions that the serion is to deplied. Marylling in the event of the construction of a black in the event of the construction of the control of th mento may be wise in using hersuperfluous of the purephylolik fishe have may in monther discussion, wherever it is the trade of Sterra and Nesona, Come. wards mad the which makes. Maryerillo peoul, which and to ki Larv. and 38 to Marestille. A railroad to Nevala. I saint. would therefore 500 mls. news Forest Cir. be of no comparative value and only known in the bistory of tance stock deaders, Sarra than one to Marysville, and must ture conses her to scorn to

morrary. Black Republication is a field of No one double that somer or later a room empfortunities to be respectively in the some of the s moverst, and the optracion of its principles wants must be mented by exhibited by the writer is the best proof in We are among the major point. He says: The Fature of the Democratio Parity.

sentiments, and we appeal greece to the control of the control of

ning. The State of California is essentially and plarte, 1,035 feet. poses, thoing from Fole at governed Lincoln we find by Indah's report, that the Hall Way House is 25 feet foner than Folesin and such action will be mailested by the De-

which is seven miles from Lincoln. Allowing but 20 feet fall to the mile far the remaining seven miles, and we have \$50 feet, noun, where the Hirald cities, and we have the altitude of the Pluer Heraldufficeutawe they are in pawer, and there the Anlam lepot on the rational to Fol-ushing's be-towed upon unworthy som, more the Hyrald chira, and we have to the report of Judals before us, there is the supervious alilude ement of the Demerrer throughout his in a ra ode of the centrolling cance, to the reckless families of Mack Republicanism, exem-pidial at Narpar's Perry, to the pro-limion purposes and teckless adherents; to the charges of of the public interests to partian wards unblushing

inent, and what the caused likely to prevent fret for overeign Lincolne. madest a social bif. Inflerences of opinion that are, lienest, final from Nerwik to Lincolne may be prolio in a connection with Auburn by Bailrand, for an lane a route a few miles shorter than for Lincoln and see may sofily say with 940 for the forter than for the forter with say with 640 for the forter with 640 for the forter when the forter for the forter was said to be forter when the forter was said to be forter was said to be forter when the forter was said to be forter when the forter was said to be forter when the forter was said to be forter w

Wa are aloud to present some facin to the people of Nevada counts to which we would From the Nevada Journal, January-6th.

with a corps. 20 sessions alternate to the lowed by gangless resulting in feath in a teach will-cate months acet immediately. (We day. The symptoms are very similar of the propose to person the rasons for the formal gamp-scaled feature connection with Seramento ria Autum. Seramento ria Autum is vill also no seramento de forma conda and saposite, il To Gentral Railroud, we find that Autum is will also note from cold and saposite, il Tilo feet above Seramento and interfere person predipional to the disease. This point taken at Autum by Juliah was mad yet, if properly treated, is very easily fill a Trong Through office which we made the putter of the form, unlike the man be early stage, give one enging and the predict of the form.

porfer, ale, or strong beer.

their a few minutes in a ping of water and good tingue, equal parts, when cool, alpan, and gree of this a tablespoonful overwar hour. As a specific take a intilespoonful of Cayenne, ne much common sell, sol simmer

describut add to a juint a lump of alson the of Vyanington; while Cod. Washington's size of an almul, and when cod, strong, and father, he has one Cod george Wallington, was use as a george, and whyly it to the alwars, only son of a nepheror. Addition-pulses—of ferpically. It is an individue remody. Way House in 25 lest constructed from hour conjugate to common rosin samp is very coin. The latter place stands out on the A planter of common rosin samp is very coin. The latter place and to the plantamen on the little little latter place good to apply warmon the little latter little higher than The following grade plaint, first fe used; would seem to be but little higher somewhat The following grade plaint, first fe used; Sarmarento, Ist we late a late a late somewhat somewhat how the cloth latter of one latter somewhat we have a color latter of the latt he following remody is recommended for ry root, a haneful of each; make a strong to the point of determining the relative at titudes of Auburn and Lincoln, According

of 740 feet from Auburn to tiold Hill

ligh, weirnwood, sage, honesed, boarbound, estrain or at least threach these articles, and let the patient stems his theme over them. quincy: Isoil for fait an bour a handful of each of Put some of the same and let him inliate the vepor into the mouth, with some vinegar added,

ave Lincoln, which is absolutely less

wat, and demon-

As an excellent application make the following liminent: Take oil of ausafra, sweet oil spirits of larrateors, spirits of caughor, oil of sures. like ner's and throat with this frequently, and

point. He says:

The says:

The says of the control tity in believing that I is availlowing. There are also rankers, some lors east on there to open no office. Charles have received and the brought into instartances this point, all will throat. It is getended also with more or communication with New Tork—an epoch this point, all will throat. It is getended also with more or communication with New Tork—an epoch We are alout to present some faces to the discrete which is no prevalent in our coin. The people of Charlestown Ve, had naged people of Sweda count to which we would try, as a prescription by the Dr. L. L. Jordan, and had referent be diese discrete faces go to de, fate physician of the Originalist Dicker and had rever light the above faith physician of the Originalist Dicker and had rever light the dail accordance the interests of the county Hespinity and he had in Gunta New of the instrument disturb the dail accordance in the interests of the county.

Domestic Physician. It has been tried with of the neighboroof, until the John Engel.

run is will also arise from cold and exponue, in Dr. Livingstore, Life cubinsted African uses around the direction disease.

The rectangle of the direction disease in the first of the direction proline regeration—ferror trees, energe, and, pine uplace growing vide in the woods, promising to. be, but in abundance, and cheap from the natives, who calitrate largely the partyues of their rillage - - ... upper third of the ralley.

Arcoller, any:

It is an error that Col. Lawin W. Washe
ington, of Jeffenon, is the nessest relating
of General Washington latter. The vector
of the Daingerfield Lawis, of Ring Leogys, is
one degree nearest. Mr. Lewis of Ring Leogys, is
year of Redoing Erwis and Hatis, the shater
is on Washington's willia Cod. Washington's willia Cod. Washington's defoat, besides other resea, being now as Mermion. Mrs. Lawrence, of Wortmore, Inid, is an aunt of Col. L. W. Washincton A correspondant of the Frederick (Fa.) Recorder, eny.

To Parsante Sactio Maar .- How often

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callemen of the Senate and Assembly:

The Government:

The Government and the properties of the control occur, discharged what they concerted to be their duty, and as both, epartments of the government. They not as both, ocach, acting independently, and within its appropriate sphere, toust be discipled to the tributal of public opinion.

Although the expenses of our State Covernment, during the past year, see been much more than they aught to have been, nevertheless, it afters ne pleasure to inform you that the Treasury is in a grosperous con-

	- a -	5	-	Ë.
	be amount of money received in the Treasury from Jun. \$1170.835 03 d	016,183 29 0	Erlibiting an excess of receipts over expenditures of. \$254,652 \$1	
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The interest upon our Public Debt was promptly paid, during the fact state and the properties of the factor of the Johns and eighty-four exclusive, of the Indian This is milion eighteen thousand

Receiver Derawaiers,

Steramento, Junuary, 1860

Steramento, Junuary, 1860

Steramento, Junuary, 1860

Steramento, Junuary, 1860

Received by the complete search of the complete search search of the complete search search of the complete search of the pethaps, where the burdens of taxation, owing to the inequalities of ties, perhaps, where the burdens of taxation, owing to the inequalities of our revenue system, bear so oppressively on the landholder and those currents industrial pursules as 19 this.

- At this last assaion, acting upon the report of the Controller, a general revision-of the revenue-laws was recommended. The experience—of the

lare and seven cents more than the preceding year. The county of San-Francisco, with a voting population of some six thousand more than Sisterior, mys two thousand nine than from and character dollars lass pollurate. Seven counties (Butte, El Dorado, Nevada, Piscer, Sacramento, Sistiyou, and Tuolumne) pay more than one-half the revenue derived from-this

Source.

care to facts. I recommend that the collection of the nive seed upon the Collector instead of the Assessor, which, in my fair starte of facts. I recommend that the collection of the seaver under the facts of the income.

In this connection I deem it prepare to call your attention to the necessimple of the indigent side and southern mines. In the find, will be seen by reference to the report of the Controller, that we have a passed, while the facilities for threeling. The expense of living has diminished very timel since the net fixing the compensation of revenue and the find, and the consty of his last features should be necessed, and the facilities for threeling have been vasify in the find, and the consty of his last features about the reductions which I have precommended in the find an arrived wish pron-burses about the stablished will be a surplus. Assume the reductions which I have precommended the secret of the people at the recent in the series of the results of the facilities for threeling have been vasify the seer of the people in the facilities for threeling the seer of the people in the facilities for threeling have been vasify the seer of the people in the facilities for threeling have been vasify the seer of the people in the facilities for threeling have been vasify and as an institution of his character might not be used to the people in the facilities for the facilities. The seer of the people in the facilities of the facilities. The seer of the people in the facilities of the facili

The act of April 18th, 1868, donating money to certain Asylums, re-tracting Trustoes or Directors, to report to the Governor on or helbre 20th of Dreember, a detailed statement of the expendiance of the herewith transmitted.
The net of April 18th, 1858, donating quires the Trustees or Directors, to report

hit of the State in order of the state of th stabledted to inconvenience and datay can properly appreciate the particular and the property of the particular and the particu

We have had a great deal of legislation upon this subject, inder which that the start houses have been practised, and the Legislature finally passed this that have the practised, and the Legislature finally passed this that the legislature which is the legislature finally passed this team that is different to the legislature finally passed this team that is different to the Start Ensanter for the benefit of stall and directed in the Sirs action of this act, and after the start for the population and directed in the Sirs action of this act, and after the start for the population as ascertined by the condition of this act, and along the start for the population as a secretined by the central start when the start is and the start of the nade upon the lighest aggings of the Start conference contributes as retired of the nace the start of the start enters shall be start of the Start controller, who shall be paid over by the start of the Start upon receiving the order of the Start on the conference of Supervisors of the County Treasurer of each county. The Board of Supervisors of the County shall use the same for the support and each of Supervisors of the county shall use the same for the support and each of Supervisors of the county of the supervisors of the County shall be the so made thereof for the County free the support of the County shall be done to the contine on the first Mondays of March, June, September, and December on the first Mondays of March, June, September, and December of the counties on the first Mondays of March, June, September, and December of the present of the county of the county of the county of the county and the supervisors of the county and the county of the

which does not properly belong to it.

As there is more money now paid into the Libury Fund than can be
usefully expended, it is recommended that one-half of the fuer received
upon commissions and other sources be paid becenter into the Hospital
Fund.

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WINES AND BRANDIES.

The manufacture of those articles has become a reay important in terent in our State, and the whole power of the Legislature should be used
to prevent their adulteration. It is well known that a copisional number
has engaged in the culture of the grape. The grape-grower in atthese engaged in the culture of the grape. The grape-grower in athas engaged in the culture of the grape. The grape-grower in atthe grape graph and the proposed in the grape.

The purious articles manufactured at San Francisco and cleavibore. It,
the hypericles manufactured at San Francisco and cleavibore. It,
the well established that drugs highly prejudicial to health, rand often
times dangerous to life, are used in adulterating liquics in common use,
times dangerous to life, are used in adulterating liquics in common use,
and if a not doubted hundreds have fullen victims to this practice. This
has well exists to an alarming extent, particularly in our large cities, and
the chercher your attention is respectfully directed to it.

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