"Indian Massacre at Stone Lagoon." Weekly Humboldt Times, April 25, 1863: p. 3, col. 2. Indian Massacre at Stone Lagoon.

The following letter from our young friend J. 11: Wilson of Gold Bluff, explains the cause of the fate Indian massacre at Stone Lagoon:

Gold Bruff, April 17, 1863. My DEAR Gus .- The monotonous routine of affairs along the coast here, Daing broken in upon the other day, by a please ant little land of "Lloopas" and "Chololas, "I send you the following account of their visit, knowing that you are goner ally interested in matters of that kind, <u>in this section of country-</u> Some four years ago, the Indians living at the Stone Lagoon, about four miles below the mouth of Rodwood Greek, moved from the beach side of the Laguon over to the east side, where they built a remarkably nice little village. broke up a good doal of land, cultivated. it very well, and raised large, fine crops of potatoes, going out and working for white men, in order to obtain their seed. From their industry and general good behavior, the whites about here, were lack to consider them the best set of Indians on the coast. Last Sunday morning. just after breakfust, two Indians from Redwood Creek, came up to our place, in the midst of a heavy ram-storm, and informed us that a band of Hoopas and Chololos, (as they call the Humboldt Indians,) had just attacked the Ranch at Stone, killing nearly all the Indians, and burning the houses. The day before, two of our men had gone to Trinidad with, some mack mules, intending to start back; on Sunday, with their freight, and thinking that they would probably meet this band on the read, four of as took-our ritles and started down. On reaching the Stone Lagoon we found that the Indians had told the truth, as the houses on the east side were still burning. " We could not find out, then, how many had been killed, as the only Indian living on the trail side, (commonly called "Stone Mike,") had gone over to the village in his canoe, as soon as the attacking party had loft, to see what damage had been done, and had not returned: So, as it was getting late, we concluded to push on to Trinidad. We found the men there with the train, all safe, they having been detained by the rain. The next morning, 1 Monday, we started back with the train, and saw nothing of the hostile band on tho way. But on reaching Stone, we found that the facts were much worse thin ice bad supposed. There had been sonie twenty-odd killed, and some ten or toolen toolly wounded In fact not and

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I have thought that perhaps you might be interested in hearing this account, as it shows that the devils are pretty well in prepared for a summer campaign, if they are desirous of carrying on one. I also think it shows pretty conclusively, that the coast Indians are not in league with the hostile ones. In fact they are now very unxious to go out with the whites against them.



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