INDIAN DISTURBANCE.—We clip the following particulars of the Indian disturbance on the Klamath from the Shasta Courier of the 21st instant:

We are indebted to Mr. Raines, of Cram, Rogers & Co.’s Express, for the Herald of the 14th, and also for a slip issued from that office on the following evening. From this latter we learn that the Indians have again commenced hostilities against the whites. The Indians were gathered in considerable numbers at a cave up the Klamath, ten miles above the Ferry, and are supposed to be Tipsey’s tribe and the Shastas. They are well armed, and succeeded in defeating the first party of whites that attacked them. V. A. Hall, who communicates the fact, says:

It was ascertained that the Indians had a large amount of cattle and horses, which they had stolen from our citizens. On the 11th, a party of our citizens, about thirty strong, went out to recover the stolen property. The Indians were aware of their coming, and surrounded them on the 13th, and fought them all day. The party finally retreated, by charging the enemy and fighting their way through them. Four men were killed, and a number wounded. Our party lost all their provisions, a number of guns, eight or ten pistols, six horses, all their blankets, and in fact were completely defeated.

The persons killed were, Hiram Hulin, John Clark, — Mailen, John Hadfield; and William Newell is dangerously wounded. The others wounded are not dangerous.

We learn further by C. A. Bernard, Rhodes & Lusk’s Express messenger, that Capt. H. M. Judah, commander of Fort Jones, has left that post with his whole disposable force, for the scene of difficulties. His officers are Capt. S. F. Sorrel, First Lieutenant, J. C. Bonnycastle, and Second Lieutenant W. G. Crook, all of the 4th Infantry. As the Indians are very strong, well armed, brave, and flushed with victory, we may expect shortly to hear of some hard fighting on the Klamath.