

California Sub A 706

of  
Thomas J. Henley,  
San Francisco Oct 14. 54

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Submits contract from the  
reports of Special Indian  
Agent, W. A. Parry for the  
Colorado. - Instructions  
to the Agent Oct. to expend  
times & presents to Indians -  
peaceable relations with them  
& preparing their minds for  
removal. - Agreed to pay  
the Agent \$1500, per annum

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Rec'd Nov 11. 54

And ~~Dec. 8<sup>th</sup>~~ 54.

Or

Office of the Superintendent  
of Indian Affairs

San Francisco Cal. Oct. 14. 1854

Hon. G. W. Momyer  
Sir

I have the honor to  
enclose herewith an extract from the report  
of the special Indian Agent Maj. W. H. Hawley  
for the Colorado.

I have given instructions to the Agent  
to make no expenditures of money in that re-  
-gion, and to give the Indians no presents  
except a small quantity of tobacco, which I  
consider indispensable.

He is instructed to devote his time to  
fostering peaceable relations between the Indians  
and the Whites, and especially the emigrants  
passing through that Country, and to preparing  
the minds of the Indians for removal and  
colonization. The salary I have agreed  
to pay him is fifteen hundred dollars per  
annum, and he is requested to act as  
Special Agent.

"Colorado River Sept. 3<sup>d</sup> 1854  
near Fort Yuma -

The Yuma Indians inhabit the  
Colorado commencing near our former bound-  
-ary line with Mexico extending some one  
hundred and fifty miles up the river.

they are also extended on New River, which is a Laguna making from the Colorado a short distance below the boundary line running east about fifty miles -

I met with much difficulty in ascertaining their numbers, being scattered over a large scope of Country, and as they have no idea of numbering or number I was compelled to get them together and judge for myself. My estimate is Three Thousand 500. They are a fine looking race surpassing any other tribe on the Pacific Coast.

Like other Indians they are jealous and Treacherous, they view the encroachments of the Whites as other Indians have ever done.

They subsist by cultivating the soil. they produce corn, Melons, Beans and Pumpkins. Their mode of Planting is after the annual overflow, they select the low places on the river, and after the water recedes they then put in their seeds. the ground retaining sufficient moisture to mature the crops.

It sometimes occurs that there is no freshet when such is the case they suffer very much for the want of food, their only resort being the Musquite Beans which grows here in great abundance but like other Mast it also fails sometimes. It is not considered however by them a healthy food. This last summer there was

is fresher and it looked at one time as though their sufferings would be great as the Bean crop was also short.

I procured tools, Shovels, and axes, com-  
-menced opening a ditch or Saka and clearing  
away a field at this time there came the heaviest  
rain I ever saw an occurrence which had not  
Taken place for years, this answered every  
purpose of an overflow and they have  
succeeded in making tolerable crops, a large  
portion of these Indians live near the Crossing of  
the river they frequently have disturbances with  
the emigrants the stock of the emigrants getting  
into their fields.

These Indians are rather impudent, they  
do not fear the Americans as other Indians do,  
they have so far been successful in attacking  
small parties of Americans, from all the in-  
-formation that I can gather from the Indians  
themselves and others they have killed at least  
one hundred Americans since 1849. The Yumas  
are at war at this time with the Lokapaws a  
Tribe living below our boundary and the Gulf of  
California. I have made frequent efforts to  
bring about a reconciliation but to no effect, it is  
an old fende and cannot be healed, they  
are also at war with the Miracopas a Tribe  
living on the Gila river about one hundred  
miles above this place.

I would not advise the immediate col-  
-lection of these Indians on a reservation as it  
would be difficult to make them understand  
the policy of the Government,

They think that all that portion of  
the Country which they inhabit belongs to them

I would advise however that a Reser-  
-vation be made at once and surveyed.

This may prevent trouble in the future.  
as this Country will soon be taken up and  
settled. the most suitable I think is between  
the Colorado and Gila at the junction.

I have endeavored to avoid all unnecessary  
expenses, I have been compelled to make some  
presents to their Principle men, such as Blank-  
-ets, Fancy Shirts, Tobacco, and also two Beavers,  
for a feast, to induce them to meet me and  
have a talk so that I could ascertain their  
numbers and inform them that the Government  
is disposed to treat them kindly

I remain Yours Truly

W. H. Harvey

Special Agent

I should be pleased to have some instruc-  
-tions in regard to future operations on the  
Colorado.

Respectfully

Your Obedt Servt  
Thos. J. Hulley,

Supt Indian Affairs