

\$9,261,119 \$67,424 \$8,781 \$9,337,324

The Secretary of the Treasury is preparing certain modifications of his tariff bill, creating an additional schedule of forty per cent, as a compromise with Whigs and Democrats.

Stanton & Wilson, who have failed at New York, had overdrawn their amount at the Atlantic about \$50,000.

The amount of the public debt of the United States on the 2d of January was \$41,878,831 05.

In relation to the California War Bonds, the *Boston Post* says:—In the army appropriation bill, passed at the last congressional session, is a clause "authorising and directing the Secretary of War to examine into and ascertain the amount of expenses incurred and now actually paid by the State of California in the suppression of Indian hostilities prior to Jan. 1, 1854," and to pay the amount of such expenses, when so ascertained, into the treasury of said State." The total amount is not to exceed \$923,259 65. As far as can be ascertained, nothing further has been done in the matter, although the money is on hand in the treasury. The delay is probably owing to personal matters and things in California; but in the meantime, the creditors of the State are kept out of their money, while the State is paying heavy rates of interest. It has been suggested that the war bonds themselves of the State of California are the best evidence possible of the amount to be paid; and that, as the *onus* of examining, ascertaining and paying over to California, is laid upon the Secretary of War, by the act of Congress, some action of the latter would not be inappropriate, while it would probably hasten California legislation. There are many holders of the bonds in Boston, New York, Philadelphia and Washington, who would be glad to see the official wheels in motion. When the amount due by the United States is ascertained, it could be paid to the Treasury of the State at San Francisco, without further action on the part of California, and without the intervention, as far as can be gathered from the law itself, of a special agent of the latter.

Our own market to-day has been extremely dull, the week opening quiet to a degree. The only business done has been by jobbers, who have been moderately busy. We note some inquiry for Pork, with sales to a moderate figure. Hams and Butter continue in brisk demand, while we have to record sales of some parcels of Candles on the way, principally to the trade; otherwise but little has been done.

The cry from all parts of the country is still for rain. The showers which fell in this city during the latter part of last week, did not extend into the country, and both farmers and miners were suffering dreadfully for want of water.

FLOUR—The market continues in a very languid condition. Sales to-day have been most entirely of domestic, and of a jobbing character.

GRAIN—In Wheat we note sales of about 900 bags from store, and to arrive from the interior, at rates ranging from 2@2½c, according to quality; some 2,500 bags Barley sold at 2@2½c; 300 bags at 2¾@3¼.

SUGAR—3,241 100-lb bags China No. 1, and 2,545 50-lb mats Ping Fa, being the undamaged portion of the cargo of