

LATER FROM CENTRAL AMERICA.—By the arrival of the Panama, we have later news from Central America, via Nicaragua. Everything appears to be going well with Kinney in Nicaragua. The people of San Juan, on the Atlantic side, have elected him Civil and Military Governor of that part of the State. His new paper the *Central American*, was to commence in a few days. He has drafted twelve of his men to explore Indian river. This river takes its rise in the gold region of Chontales, and empties into the sea above San Juan. The people who elected Col. Kinney as the Civil and Military Governor of San Juan, also organized a permanent government for the purpose of protecting life and property in that country. All the necessary officers for that purpose were elected and installed in office. Several of Col. Kinney's party are cultivating their lands. He offers his land to emigrants at 50 cents per acre. A number of persons have left Panama and Aspinwall for San Juan to join Kinney.

#### Indian Outrages.

THREE WHITE MEN MURDERED AND TWO WOUNDED.—From an extra of the *Yreka Union*, dated Sept. 25th, we learn the particulars of another murderous outrage perpetrated by Indians, on the road from Rogue River Valley to Yreka.

On Tuesday, Sept. 24th, four men started with seven yoke of oxen, and two wagons, to haul flour from Rogue River Valley to Yreka. When they arrived within a few yards of the summit, they were fired upon by Indians, who were laing in wait for them. One of the men, named Fields, fell pierced with eight bullets. A boy in the employ of Dick Evans, of Rogue River Valley, was wounded badly, and crawled from the road to a tree, where he was found by the Indians afterwards, and shot through the head. The third man escaped with a slight wound. The oxen, being then in a

sleep place of the inn, backed with the wagon on a considerable distance, and finally turned, capsized the wagon, and were thrown into a heap, where they were all, 14 in number, shot as they lay. The Indians then proceeded over the Siskiyou to Cottonwood Creek. Two miners who were engaged in washing out a sluice saw them, and as they endeavored to escape they were fired upon. One of them got away with his life, although severely wounded, the other shared the fate of those on the mountain.

**LATER FROM OREGON.**—The Columbia arrived on Saturday. The papers speak of the prospect of a general war with the Indians. Murders of whites by the Indians, and Indians by whites are not unfrequent. It was generally believed, Judge Hays reports us, that not less than eight white men had recently been murdered by the Indians on the route from Puget Sound to the Colville mines. The news from the Colville gold mines is to the 27th August. The latest reports are more favorable.

The rate of taxation in Oregon, this year, is ten cents on each \$100 of valuation.

The official vote of Washington Territory, as proclaimed by Gov. Mason, is, for Delegate to Congress, J. Patten Anderson. Dem.) 857; William Strong, (W. & K. N.) 682; Joseph Cushman, (Freesoil) 44.

On the Prohibitory Liquor Law the vote was as follows :—

Against Prohibitory Law . . . . .	650
For Prohibitory Law . . . . .	564

"Arrah, be faith," said Pat, as he essayed to open the door of his shanty, in order that he might get into it. "It's regularly locked in I am."

"In," said the listener, w'ho though to detect the son of the Emerald Isle in a bull, "in where?"

"Wby, in the street, to be sure!" The eavesdropper traveled.