

# Shasta Courier, Volume 3, Number 10, 13 May 1854 — Front Yrcfc\*, [ARTICLE]

[Back](#)

## From Yreka,

We are under obligations to Cram, Rogers & Co. for the *Mountain Herald* of the 6th; and also for a file of Oregon papers.

Rhodes & Co. likewise furnished us with a copy of the *Herald* of the 6th, from which we extract the following:

The Legislature is to adjourn on the 15th inst. We hope Mr. Whipple's bill to make an appropriation for the survey of the Northern boundary of this State will pass. The inhabitants of Illinois Valley and the Althouse country are yet in doubt as to whether they are in California or Oregon, as will be seen by reference to our Althouse correspondence. Also, those of the upper end of Rogue River Valley, many supposing that the line runs within a very few miles of Jacksonville. If such is the case, there is a long, rich and thickly settled country between that point and the mountain, belonging to California the people of which now vote at the Oregon elections.

We are informed by Jack Horsley that he passed a drove of 1700 sheep, on their way from Rogue River valley to the Sacramento. They were brought across the Plains last season, and wintered in Oregon.

---

FOUR INDIANS KILLED.—We have received a long communication from Mr. J. Chadbourne, of Trinity river, in regard to a recent Indian difficulty in that quarter. As we have already alluded to the occurrence, it is unnecessary to give but a portion of the communication.

The four thieves were brought to Mr. Doll's ranch by a party of friendly Indians. They confessed that they had stolen hid from the Indians.

...essed that they had a plan and to rob a train of mules in a few days on Scott mountain. They also acknowledged that they had killed twenty one Chinamen and three Americans. One of them was the largest Indian ever seen in that portion of the country. When they ascertained that they were to be executed, they set up the most piteous cries, but as they were a portion of a band who refused to live with the friendly Indians, or at peace with the whites, and as there were a large number of professedly friendly Indians present, it was thought best to shoot them at once. They were accordingly tied up and shot.

The friendly Indians promise to bring in the remainder of the band, provided the whites will kill them, as they say they desire peace, and wish to assist the whites in raising grain, &c. The whites are very wisely assisting them to keep these good resolutions by furnishing them with considerable quantities of food. A party of whites, a few days previous, killed three of the same band, on the head waters of Clear Creek. They had, a few days previous, stolen a valuable horse from the ranch of Mr. Brush, and badly wounded another.

---

**GOING HOME.**—An unusual number of persons are now leaving this part of the State for the Atlantic States. So far as we have been enabled to learn, the larger portion will return after a few month's absence, many of them with their families. While, however, this great exodus of our people is thus taking place, it is gratifying to know that the new arrivals are by no means inconsiderable—and it is still more gratifying to know that a good portion of them are wives and sweethearts.

---

This article has been automatically clipped from the Shasta Courier 13 May 1854, organised into a single column, then optimised for display on your computer screen. As a result, it may not look exactly as it did on the original page. The article can be seen in its original form in the [page view](#).